新加坡的國際及區域機構

Dr Alexander Ressos, TEP
Attorney-at-Law (Switzerland and Germany),
Solicitor (England & Wales and Hong Kong)
Of Counsel, KGP Legal LLC
alexander.ressos@kgplegal.com.sg
www.ressos.com.sg

金融中心賴以為生的，不只是銀行、交易所和法院。它同樣有賴於把各國政府、中央銀行及專家聚集起來處理共同問題的機構。一個國際組織選擇某個城市作為總部或區域辦事處所在地，便會帶來官員、會議、數據以及大批訪客，他們把這個城市的名字帶進世界各地的政府部門和董事會。新加坡爭取這類機構，與爭取銀行和貿易行一樣深思熟慮。本章探討以新加坡為總部或在當地設有區域辦事處的組織，並探究它們對金融中心有何意義。

答案有別於日內瓦一書就其本身城市所給出的答案。*Genève, place financière internationale*第F部分描述的城市，接待了數十個聯合國系統的全球性組織、紅十字國際委員會，以及幾乎世界上每個國家的代表團。它們的存在源於人道主義傳統、瑞士的中立，以及1919年把國際聯盟設於湖畔的決定。新加坡沒有可相比擬的歷史。其國際機構較年輕，數目亦較少。當中大多數是工作與經濟及金融密切相關的區域機構，包括亞太經濟合作組織秘書處、區域金融安全網的監察辦公室、國際結算銀行創新中心的一個中心、國際貨幣基金組織的培訓學院，以及華盛頓以外唯一一個整個世界銀行集團均有代表的辦事處。

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本章分六步展開。首先討論亞太經合組織，以及促使其秘書處落戶新加坡的區域經濟合作形式。繼而探討清邁倡議下的區域金融監察、中央銀行合作與創新，以及新加坡在全球標準制定機構中的地位，這些機構大多設於別處。在一節實際影響之後，本章以國際化的新加坡與國際化的日內瓦之間的比較作結。金融中心的法律基礎、其仲裁機構及其外交政策，已在本部分前面各章論述（參見第F部分第I章至第IV章）。

要點

新加坡接待少數國際組織，其中大多數屬區域性質，並以經濟及金融為主要領域。亞太經合組織秘書處協調亞太經濟合作組織21個成員經濟體的工作。東盟與中日韓宏觀經濟研究辦公室（AMRO）於2016年2月9日成為國際組織，為清邁倡議多邊化規模2,400億美元的區域金融安全網進行監察。國際結算銀行創新中心自2019年起在新加坡設有中心，並推出了連接即時支付系統的Nexus項目。國際貨幣基金組織—新加坡區域培訓學院，以及擁有逾300名員工的世界銀行集團基礎設施及城市發展中心，使整個圖景更趨完整。相比之下，大多數全球標準制定機構設於巴塞爾、馬德里或巴黎，因此新加坡對金融規則的影響力，建基於其成員身份及MAS官員在這些機構內的工作。

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Author contact: Dr Alexander Ressos, TEP · contact@ressos.com

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